## Best Practices: Women's Athletic Development Programs in Texas and Other States

Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board Division of Universities and Health-Related Institutions

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## **Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board**

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### Coordinating Board Mission

The mission of the Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board is to provide the Legislature advice and comprehensive planning capacity for higher education, to coordinate the effective delivery of higher education, to efficiently administer assigned statewide programs, and to advance higher education to the people of Texas.

THECB Strategic Plan

### Coordinating Board Philosophy

The Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board will promote access to quality higher education across the state with the convictions that access without quality is mediocrity and that quality without access is unacceptable. The Board will be open, ethical, responsive, and committed to public service. The Board will approach its work with a sense of purpose and responsibility to the people of Texas and is committed to the best use of public monies.

THECB Strategic Plan

## **Executive Summary**

The 77th Texas Legislature passed Senate Bill 903 (see Appendix A), which directed the Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board to conduct a study of the "best practices" in women's athletic development programs at Texas public colleges and universities. The study was to focus on programs that offer outreach through summer camp experiences to high school girls to encourage them to participate in organized sports. To fulfill that directive, the staff reviewed the professional literature on the topic and examined the practices of a representative sample of Texas public institutions of higher education. The findings and results of that effort are contained in this report.

Additionally, the legislation amended the Texas Education Code, Section 51.831 and created the Women's Athletic Development Fund as a support mechanism to provide state funding, through a competitive process, to Texas public colleges and universities for programs that encourage Texas high school girls to participate in college sports. However, state funds were not provided to set up the fund.

## Key Findings about benefits to girls and women who participate in organized sports

- Girls who play sports enjoy greater physical and emotional health and are less likely to engage in many risky health behaviors (i.e. drug use, smoking, and drinking) than non-participants (*Title IX at 30*, p.14)
- Rural Hispanic girls and suburban and rural White girls who were athletes had lower school drop-out rates and were more likely to go to a four-year college than non-athletes (*Empowering Women in Sports*, 1995).
- The positive effects of sports on grades are especially pronounced for Hispanic girls: 20 percent of Hispanic girls athletes reported receiving higher grades, compared to 9 percent of non-athlete Hispanic girls (*Empowering Women in Sports*, 1995).
- Most Texas colleges and universities are performing community outreach to encourage girls and boys to participate in athletics and lead active lives.
- For National Collegiate Athletic Association (NCAA) Division I colleges and universities as a group, women student athletes graduate at higher rates than the non-athlete female student body (NCAA, facts and figures, 2002).
- Women who participate in sports have reduced incidences of breast cancer and osteoporosis later in life (*Title IX at 30*, p. 14).

## "Best practices" in Women's Athletic Development Programs in Texas

- 1) Offering multiple outreach efforts to girls of various ages, including summer camps and similar activities
- 2) Having high rates of athletic participation and high graduation rates (see Appendices B-F)
- 3) Having an athletic director who is committed to promoting women's athletics
- 4) Having women in leadership roles within institutions' athletic departments
- 5) Establishing a record of winning by several women's varsity teams

## Recommendations

- Texas public colleges and universities should maintain and expand their commitment to summer athletic camps that provide opportunities for girls.
- Texas colleges and universities and public schools should communicate the positive health benefits of regular exercise to all students and let them know that participating in sports is one way to achieve the health benefits of exercise.
- Texas public and independent colleges and universities should hire athletic directors committed to promoting and supporting women's athletic programs. Institutions should give full consideration to women qualified for athletic director positions.
- Texas public colleges and universities should consider hiring compliance officers to help enforce federal Title IX statutes and NCAA rules.
- The Texas Legislature should consider funding of the Women's Athletic Development Fund through state appropriations or other funding mechanisms.

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## Legislative Background

The 77th Texas Legislature passed Senate Bill 903 (see Appendix A), which directed the Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board to conduct a study of the "best practices" in women's athletic development programs to extend outreach efforts that encourage girls to participate in organized sports. This report fulfills the legislative directive. Additionally, the legislation amended the Texas Education Code, Section 51.831, and created the Women's Athletic Development Fund. The Fund was to serve as a support mechanism to provide state funding, through a competitive process, to Texas public colleges and universities for programs that encourage Texas high school girls to participate in college sports. However, state funds were not provided to set up the fund.

## Methodology

The Coordinating Board staff reviewed published reports, including several national studies, on women's athletic development programs. Staff reviewed information from selected public colleges and universities to obtain a sampling of opportunities available at Texas public institutions of higher education. Staff sought input from selected college and university representatives, primarily women's athletic directors and staff.

Future studies could examine the issue in greater depth by systematically collecting outcome data that uniformly measures and tracks benefits received by women student athletes who participate in the state's college and universities athletic programs. Future studies could also identify barriers that keep girls and women from participating in sports at the elementary, junior high or middle school, high school, and collegiate levels.

## **Defining Best Practices and Focusing Study**

Texas has 35 public universities, and 50 community college districts with 90+ campuses, four technical colleges, and three state colleges. All provide opportunities for their women students to participate and compete as athletes. While the array of sport teams and competitions vary among Texas schools, women athletes in Texas public colleges and universities may participate in competitive sports such as basketball, volleyball, tennis, swimming, indoor and outdoor track and field, soccer, and gymnastics.

This report presents selected highlights of programs in place at four Texas National Collegiate Athletic Association (NCAA) Division I public universities: Southwest Texas State University (SWTSU), Texas A&M University (TAMU), The University of Texas at Austin (UT Austin), and The University of Texas at San Antonio (UTSA). These schools provide a sample of Texas public general academic teaching institutions of higher education. Selected programs in place at these institutions help encourage girls within local, regional, and statewide areas to participate and compete in a variety of sports. While all the highlighted programs are in NCAA Division I schools, two institutions compete in the Big 12 Conference (TAMU and UT-Austin), and the other two (SWTSU and UTSA) compete in the Southland Conference (see Appendix H for complete conference lists).

The highlighted institutions and their women's athletic programs were selected because they offer representative examples of some of the best practices currently in place in Texas. Each of the four Texas schools highlighted in the report has developed an area of distinction over the past several years. All have programs that encourage high school girls to participate in college sports. One has a successful woman leading the institution's athletic department (UTSA); another has a remarkable variety of winning varsity women's teams (SWT); and another recently received national recognition for the number of women student athletes it has on campus (TAMU). The programs highlighted in this report should serve as models to other institutions of higher education that wish to strengthen their institutional commitments to women's athletics programs.

## **Background – Women's Participation in Sports**

Until recent times, women have had little opportunity to participate in group or individual competitive sporting events. Women were not allowed to participate in the International Olympics Games until 1900; by 1972 more than 3,000 women had competed.

Most colleges and universities did not offer varsity level opportunities to women until the late 1960s. Prior to that time, there was widespread belief that women should not participate in strenuous physical activity, for fear such activity could interfere with future reproductivity. Today, we know that is false. Conversely, health outcome data show that women who participate in sports/athletics have lower incidence of breast cancer and other chronic diseases over their lifetimes.

Women have just recently begun to participate in athletic programs at the college/university level in large numbers. The increase in college/university sports is a direct result of the passage of Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 (20 U.S.C. 1681 et seq).

**Title IX** No person in the United States shall, on the basis of sex, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any education program or activity receiving federal assistance.

While Title IX does not directly reference athletics or athletic programs, interpretation of the federal law resulted in regulation that banned sexual discrimination in education programs that received federal funding. In the realm of athletics, this meant colleges and universities that receive federal funding had to provide equal athletic opportunities for men and women.

Since the passage of Title IX, great strides have been made in the athletic opportunities available to girls and women. This has resulted in greater numbers of women participating in sports than ever before. Today, the National Colligate Athletic Association (NCAA), a voluntary national athletic association, reports that more than 150,000 women student athletes compete at the college level, representing more than 1,000 colleges and universities across the nation.

While the number of women athletes has increased significantly since the passage of Title IX, participation in professional sports is reserved for a just handful of women. Far fewer women than men receive enough financial remuneration to sustain a living through their sport. In addition, few women pursue other avenues related to sports, such as athletic administration. Few women hold prestigious athletic directorships and other key decision-making positions within the academy; these positions are still overwhelmingly filled by men.

Early encouragement for girls to participate in athletics can be an important strategy to support the later success of women in college. Girls who participate in athletics graduate from high school at higher rates than their non-athlete counterparts; therefore, successful high school outreach programs should be supported and strengthened. Colleges and universities should be supported in their efforts to teach technical skills and provide in-depth experiences to girls interested in athletic participation. Additionally, as high school girls mature into college women student athletes, athletic programs in which they participate should receive strong institutional commitment to assure success. This means adequate financial aid for women student athletes and the provision and maintenance of adequate training facilities, among other points. Women athletes must continue to receive benefits – personal, educational, and perhaps financial – from pursuit of their sport, as do their male counterparts.

### Texas Women's Athletics and Points of Distinction

- According to the National Federation of High Schools Association, Texas led the nation in 2001 with 779,329 boys and girls participating in sports programs. In addition, Texas led the nation with 325,675 girls participating in high school sports programs (National Federation of High Schools Association).
- Southwest Texas State University received recognition from the Southland Conference by winning the 2002 Conference Commissioner's Cup for the best women's athletic program. This was the second year the institution won that recognition. In 2002, the women Bobcats won five Southland Conference regular season championships in nine varsity sports.
- Texas A&M University ranked ninth nationally on the U.S. News and World Report's listing of universities that had high numbers of women student athletes. TAMU reported that 50 percent of its athletes were female while 49 percent of its student body is female.
- The University of Texas at Austin reported that 96 percent of its women student athletes graduate. Additionally, 53 percent of its 2001 women student athletes had cumulative grade point averages (GPA) of greater than 3.0, and 22 female student athletes maintained a 4.0 GPA during the past spring and fall semesters.
- The University of Texas at San Antonio, one of the youngest NCAA Division I
  members, is lead by Athletic Director Lynn Mackey; additional key positions are held
  by women. The institution hosts summer outreach efforts through summer sports
  camps geared to girls as young as seven.

## "Best Practices"

The following section highlights "best practices" currently in place at many Texas public institutions of higher education. Examples from the four institutions studied for this report are described in more detail. "Best practices" include:

- 1) Offering multiple outreach efforts to girls of various ages, including summer camps and similar activities
- 2) Having high rates of athletic participation and high graduation rates (see Appendices B-F)
- 3) Having an athletic director who is committed to promoting women's athletics
- 4) Having women in leadership roles within institutions' athletic departments
- 5) Establishing a record of winning by several women's varsity teams

## Best practice

► Institutions offer multiple outreach efforts to girls of various ages, including summer camps and similar activities.

## **Examples of Summer Camps**

The following examples of outreach programs highlight some of the institutional efforts under way to encourage girls between the ages of eight and 18 to strengthen their athletic skills while they experience life on college campuses. For many, their sports camp experience represents the first time they have visited or stayed on a college campus. In addition to honing their sports skills and techniques, the sports camps provide girls an opportunity to explore and learn on a college campus.

Texas colleges and universities' sports camps provide community service to the local and regional communities they serve. They also promote positive experiences and feelings about college and campus life for future college attendees. An institution may add to its ranks new team supporters; in addition, some girls who participate in summer camp programs may join that institution's athletic teams.

The programs highlighted below represent some of the camps offered by the four selected institutions. Most of these schools host an array of summer sports camps for girls. Girls as young as seven may experience one or two-day camps, while older girls may have week-long experiences. Week-long camps focused at the junior and senior high school level provide girls an intense opportunity to hone their sport.

### Basketball Camps (UT San Antonio)

UTSA offers several basketball camps for girls to increase their skill level through drills and practice. Coaching staff and varsity women's team members provide instruction and evaluation of the girls.

"Little Runner" Girls Basketball Camp – Four-day afternoon camp for any girls entering second through sixth grade; camp runs 1-5 pm daily.

Individual Girls Basketball Camp – Four days of camp, with some girls staying on campus and others coming just for the day. Open to girls ages 8-18.

UTSA Team Camp – Two-day team camp, open to junior and high school teams. College and high school coaches and college players teach the fundamentals of basketball during this camp.

Post and Perimeter Camp – A two-day camp with specialized instruction for girls who play the post or guard positions.

## Golf Camp (UT Austin)

Golf Camp is directed by the men's and women's coaching staff, high school coaches, and current UT players. All coaches are experienced at working with young players and provide attendees a low coach-to-camper ratio. Camp is open to boys and girls ages 10-18. Residential accommodations are available. The camp covers full swing, short game, bunker play, chipping, putting, course management, rules, and course etiquette.

## Soccer Camp (Southwest Texas State University)

Campers receive individual instruction from women's varsity coaching staff and current varsity women's team members. A Youth Camp is open to girls and boys ages 6-11, while Commuter Camp is open to local area residents for girls and boys ages 11-19. A Residential Camp is open to girls ages 11-19. Approximately 150 girls and boys participate in the various camps. Additionally, the camp provides a 1 to ten coach to student ratio. Campers compete through games and drills, enhancing skills and techniques over their four-day camp experience.

## Softball Camp (Texas A&M University)

Individual instruction, with an emphasis on fundamentals, is the hallmark of this softball camp. Girls attending the week-long camp are instructed to bring their glove, bat, batting helmet, cleats, workout shoes, shorts and t-shirts for practice (campers receive an Aggie camp t-shirt upon registration), sliding pants, kneepads, and plenty of athletic socks. Catchers are asked to bring their gear. Camp attendance is limited, and participation is on a "first-come, first-serve" basis. Day campers are required to attend breakfast at 8 a.m. and not leave until the end of the day at 9 p.m. Campers are not allowed to leave camp for any reason after they have enrolled.

### Swim Camp (UT Austin)

Swim Camp is an intensive experience with long-course conditioning and thorough stroke instruction and analysis. Daily one-hour sessions focus on swim-specific dry land exercises, strength training, and flexibility exercises. Long-course training varies from one to two hours daily, depending on ability level. Stroke drills, start and turn mechanics are covered, with classroom sessions for lectures and film analysis. Each camper is videotaped, and coaches review the video to improve participants' skills. Camp is divided into four ability groupings, and each camper is challenged according to ability. An Elite Training Camp is available to those campers who have national qualifying times.

### Track and Cross Country Camp (Texas A&M University)

The camp provides national-caliber instructors, including many TAMU athletes and coaches, who give individual analysis and coaching in the following areas: distance, races, hurdles, sprints, throws, jumps, and multi-events. The camp is open to girls and boys who are beginners through

advanced athletes age 8-18. The camp presents information about general fitness, event-specific performance, nutrition, and the psychology involved in athletics, while maintaining an atmosphere of fun. Campers may participate in extracurricular activities including swimming, sand volleyball, outdoor basketball, athlete's dance, ice cream social, pizza parties, movies, and fireworks. A demonstration or competition is scheduled on the final day of camp.

Volleyball Camp (Southwest Texas State University)

The camp provides instruction to girls at various levels. Girls have opportunities to learn new strategies and strengthen their skills, while playing volleyball in a competitive atmosphere. SWTSU hosts day-long Youth Clinics for girls ages 10-13. Residential and commuter four-day Individual and Team Camps are available to girls ages 13-18.

## Other Examples

While not direct outreach efforts to attract high school girls into sports, the remaining "best practices" allow colleges and universities to build solid foundations to support athletic departments and women's varsity sports.

Best practice ► Having high rates of athletic participation and high graduation rates (see Appendices B-F)

Example: Texas A&M University ranked ninth nationally in the number of women student athletes as a proportion of its female student body.

Texas A&M University (TAMU), located in College Station, was the only Texas school to make one of the top 10 rankings in the March 18, 2002 *U.S. News and World Report* national evaluation of best athletic programs in colleges and universities. TAMU was recognized as having a greater proportion of its female student body play varsity sports, with 50 percent of TAMU women playing sports, while 49 percent of its student body is female.

Example: UT Austin's women student athletes have a 96 percent graduation rate.

Women student athletes at The University of Texas at Austin (UT Austin) who completed their four years of athletic eligibility have a 96 percent graduation rate. For the 2001-2002 academic year, 53 percent had cumulative grade point averages (GPAs) of 3.0 or higher, and 22 women student athletes had perfect 4.0 GPAs for the previous fall and spring semesters. Women student athletes at UT Austin major in business administration (7%), communication (11%), education (26%), engineering (3%), fine arts (2%), liberal arts/undeclared (36%), natural sciences (12%), nursing (2%), and social work (1%).

Best practice ► Having an athletic director who is committed to promoting women's athletics and having women in leadership roles within institutions' athletic departments

Example: UTSA athletic leadership is committed to women's athletics.

The University of Texas at San Antonio (UTSA) began athletic competition in 1981 and has one of the youngest Division I athletics programs in the country. Led by current athletic director Lynn Hickey, the institution produces a high number of successful women student athletes. Ms. Hickey also serves as a role model for women interested in pursuing sports and sports-related careers. Ms. Hickey is a member of the NCAA Basketball Rules Committee, the NCAA Basketball Issues Committee, and the NCAA 2001 Midwest Regional Committee.

UTSA has increased its institutional support of the Intercollegiate Athletic Department by adding a NCAA compliance director and a senior women's administrator. In 2002, the Roadrunner volleyball team earned its first trip to the NCAA Championships. In 1999-2000, women's tennis took second place in the league and the softball team set a school record with 39 wins.

## Best practice Establishing a record of winning by several women's varsity teams.

Example: SWTSU established and recognized for record of winning by several women's teams.

While many best practices included in this report do not depend on whether a school has a record of winning, it is nevertheless an important measure of success in the world of athletics. Winning matters in sports, and Southwest Texas State University has women's teams that win. The institution has nine women's varsity sports: Basketball, Cross Country, Golf, Soccer, Softball, Tennis, Track & Field (Indoor & Outdoor), and Volleyball.

In both 2001 and 2002, SWTSU was recognized by the Southland Conference (see Appendix G for conference listing) as having the best women's athletic program. In 2002, the women's teams led their conference in the total number of regular season wins, with five of the nine women's teams taking championships. SWTSU won trophies in soccer, indoor track, golf, softball and outdoor track. While winning at football often distinguishes higher education institutions, SWTSU has achieved success through its commitment to its women's teams.

Also in 2000-2001, SWTSU women's Bobcats won conference championships in volleyball and softball and, had two coaches named conference coaches of the year. In addition, the institution's women athletes had the highest grade point average ever during the spring semester.

## Recommendations and Conclusions

The following recommendations were made based upon the findings and results of the preceding "best practices." Many Texas colleges and universities already employ some these "best practices." We hope these recommendations are considered by Texas colleges and universities and implemented when schools are able.

- Texas public colleges and universities should maintain and expand their commitment to summer athletic camps that provide opportunities for girls.
- Texas colleges and universities and public schools should communicate the positive health benefits of regular exercise to all students and let them know that participating in sports is one way to achieve the health benefits of exercise.

- Texas public and independent colleges and universities should hire athletic directors committed to promoting and supporting women's athletic programs. Institutions should give full consideration to women qualified for athletic director positions.
- Texas public colleges and universities should consider hiring compliance officers to help enforce federal Title IX statutes and NCAA rules.
- The Texas Legislature should consider funding of the Women's Athletic Development Fund through state appropriations or other funding mechanisms.

Girls and women in Texas have benefited from the passage of Title IX through increased opportunity to participate in athletics. The number of girls participating in organized sports has never been higher and Texas leads the nation with the greatest number of girls participating in organized sports. Increasing the number of girls participating in sports has a direct educational benefit, since girls who participate in sports often graduate from high school at higher rates and have higher grade point averages than non-athlete girls. Additionally, girls who participate in sports are, in general, healthier throughout their lives.

College athlete women graduate at higher rates than their non-athlete college peers. Additionally, college women athletes develop leadership skills and discipline through participation in athletic competition. It is clear that college and university outreach efforts provide a simple benefit to young women and to society at large. These efforts should be continued, refined, and supported.

## Appendix A

## Senate Bill 903 (77th Texas Legislature)

### AN ACT

relating to the establishment and use of a women's athletic development fund and a study of women's athletic development practices at institutions of higher education.

### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

- SECTION 1. Chapter 51, Education Code, is amended by adding Subchapter V to read as follows: <u>SUBCHAPTER V. WOMEN'S ATHLETIC DEVELOPMENT FUND</u>
- Sec. 51.831. DEFINITIONS. In this subchapter: (1) "Board" has the meaning assigned by Section 61.003. (2) "Fund" means the women's athletic development fund established under this subchapter. (3) "Institution of higher education" has the meaning assigned by Section 61.003.
- Sec. 51.832. ADMINISTRATION OF FUND. The women's athletic development fund is a fund in the state treasury. The board shall administer the fund.
- Sec. 51.833. USE OF FUND. The board shall allocate money in the fund to institutions of higher education to support women's athletic development programs that are operated by the institution on a collaborative basis with one or more public high schools in this state.
- Sec. 51.834. CRITERIA IN SELECTING PROGRAMS. In selecting programs to be supported with money from the fund, the board shall give priority to programs addressing the needs of public high school students whose economic conditions limit their access to athletic facilities, programs, and opportunities. The board shall also consider other relevant factors, including whether a program:

  (1) promotes gender equality; and (2) includes the participation of collegiate-level coaches and athletes, to the extent the participation is allowed by the rules of the national intercollegiate athletic association of which the institution of higher education operating the program is a member.
- Sec. 51.835. FUNDING. The board may use any available revenue, including legislative appropriations, and may solicit and accept gifts, grants, and donations from a public or private source for the purposes of this subchapter.
- Sec. 51.836. APPROPRIATIONS PROHIBITED FOR BIENNIUM ENDING AUGUST 31, 2003. Notwithstanding Section 51.835, the board may not accept legislative appropriations for the purposes of this subchapter for the state fiscal biennium ending August 31, 2003. This section expires September 1, 2003.
- SECTION 2. (a) The Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board shall conduct a best practices study of women's athletic development programs currently operated by public institutions of higher education in Texas and in other states and shall make its findings and recommendations available not later than December 1, 2002, in a report to the legislature and to the public institutions of higher education in this state.
- (b) The report shall include an analysis of the effect of the programs studied under Subsection (a) of this section on subsequent student enrollment in and academic performance at public or private institutions of higher education.

## Appendix B

## NCAA Division I Public Colleges and Universities Graduation Rates

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ta											
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95	96	4-CL	ASS	95	-96	4-0	LASS	95	-96	4-0	CLASS
N	용	N	90	N	용	N	%	N	용	N	%
1373	36	5112	33	1719	41	6018	38	3092	38	11130	36
14044	58	54348	58	14905	66	55141	66	28949	62	109489	62
21444	32	84150	29	31498	43	118834	40	52942	38	202984	36
11758	41	44458	40	14369	48	52198	46	26127	45	96656	43
149590	55	589006	53	169325	60	644589	58	318915	58	1233595	56
3432	53	13906	52	2314	58	9255	57	5746	55	23161	63
3273	50	11280	49	3515	55	11325	55	6788	52	22605	52
204914	52	802260	50	237645	57	897360	56	442559	55	1699620	53
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b.	Student-Athletes #	ŧ		MEN	·					WOME	N					TOTA	T		
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		95-	-96	4-C	LASS	4-CI	ASS	95	-96	4 –	CLASS	4-C	LASS	95	-96	4-0	LASS	4-CI	JASS
		N	%	N	용	N	용	N	용	N	8	N	%	N	엉	N	용	N	용
	Am. Indian/AN	32	38	122	37	61	33	27	56	90	49	24	63	59	46	212	42	85	41
	Asian/PI	79	57	298	51	151	49	96	69	278	73	71	62	175	63	576	62	222	53
	Black	2216	39	8514	37	2999	35	780	58	2898	55	606	55	2996	44	11412	42	3605	39
	Hispanic	208	38	707	38	389	42	122	61	443	56	148	66	330	46	1150	45	537	48
	White	3900	53	15177	52	4620	53	3298	68	11978	69	1977	71	7198	60	27155	59	6597	58
	N-R Alien	308	53	1100	52	578	58	238	60	844	61	304	65	546	82	1944	56	882	61
	Other	101	39	324	41	225	46	62	52	179	53	92	57	163	44	503	45	317	174
	Total	6844	48	26242	47	9023	47	4623	66	16710	65	3222	79	11467	55	42952	54	12245	5.5

c. Student-Athletes #			BASEBA	ALL				- MEI	N'S BA	SKETBA	LL			ME	N'S CC	/TRAC	K	
by Sport Category	F	RESH	MAN RA	ΓE	TRANS	FER	FF	RESHI	MAN RA	TE	TRANS	FER	FI	RESHM	IAN RATI		TRANSI	FER
	95-	96	4-0	CLASS	4-C	LASS	95-	-96	4	-CLASS	4-	CLASS	95-	-96	4-C	LASS	4-CI	LASS
MEN	N	용	N	용	N	용	N	용	N	용	N	용	N	용	N	용	N	용
Am. Indian/AN	8	25	17	24	15	33	1	0	4	0	3	33	3	0	22	36	12	42
Asian/PI	7	43	20	25	24	71	0	0	5	0	8	38	6	50	19	58	7	86
Black	67	27	285	31	163	42	334	29	1255	25	1065	29	238	47	959	42	269	49
Hispanic	45	27	132	27	149	34	5	40	17	41	12	17	44	45	141	40	45	60
White	835	45	3125	44	2015	46	199	43	645	44	290	54	455	59	1786	55	320	68
N-R Alien	6	33	17	24	35	46	20	50	61	39	65	46	45	53	170	50	138	56
Other	7	14	27	22	28	39	5	20	25	20	19	32	12	33	31	58	42	40
Total	975	42	3623	42	2429	45	564	35	2012	32	1462	35	803	54	3128	50	833	58

	FOOTBALL						OTHER					
E	FRESH	MAN RAT	E	TRANS	FER	FI	RESHM	AN RATE		TRAN	SFER	
95	5-96	4 –	CLASS	4 –	CLASS	95-	-96	4-CLA	ASS	4-0	CLASS	
N	용	N	용	N	용	N	용	N	용	N	용	
10	50	40	38	23	30	10	50	39	46	8	25	
26	42	99	41	79	39	40	43	155	62	33	52	
1474	41	5616	39	1420	36	103	40	399	40	82	39	
44	30	153	40	96	42	70	44	264	42	87	54	
1054	57	4173	54	896	53	1357	55	5448	55	1099	61	
37	46	79	38	24	33	200	56	773	55	316	65	
34	47	125	38	65	46	43	40	116	48	71	55	
2679	47	10285	45	2603	42	1823	54	7194	53	1696	60	
	95 N 10 26 1474 44 1054 37	95-96 N % 10 50 26 42 1474 41 44 30 1054 57 37 46 34 47	FRESHMAN RAT 95-96 4- N % N 10 50 40 26 42 99 1474 41 5616 44 30 153 1054 57 4173 37 46 79 34 47 125	FRESHMAN RATE  95-96	FRESHMAN RATE TRANS: 95-96	FRESHMAN RATE TRANSFER 95-96 4-CLASS N % N % N % 10 50 40 38 23 30 26 42 99 41 79 39 1474 41 5616 39 1420 36 44 30 153 40 96 42 1054 57 4173 54 896 53 37 46 79 38 24 33 34 47 125 38 65 46	FRESHMAN RATE TRANSFER FI 95-96 4-CLASS 4-CLASS 95- N % N % N % N 10 50 40 38 23 30 10 26 42 99 41 79 39 40 1474 41 5616 39 1420 36 103 44 30 153 40 96 42 70 1054 57 4173 54 896 53 1357 37 46 79 38 24 33 200 34 47 125 38 65 46 43	FRESHMAN RATE TRANSFER FRESHMAN 95-96 4-CLASS 4-CLASS 95-96 N % N % N % N % N % N % N % N % N % N	FRESHMAN RATE TRANSFER FRESHMAN RATE 95-96 4-CLASS 4-CLASS 95-96 4-CLAS N % N % N % N % N % N 10 50 40 38 23 30 10 50 39 26 42 99 41 79 39 40 43 155 1474 41 5616 39 1420 36 103 40 399 44 30 153 40 96 42 70 44 264 1054 57 4173 54 896 53 1357 55 5448 37 46 79 38 24 33 200 56 773 34 47 125 38 65 46 43 40 116	FRESHMAN         RATE         TRANSFER         FRESHMAN         RATE           95-96         4-CLASS         4-CLASS         95-96         4-CLASS           N         %         N         %         N         %         N         %           10         50         40         38         23         30         10         50         39         46           26         42         99         41         79         39         40         43         155         62           1474         41         5616         39         1420         36         103         40         399         40           44         30         153         40         96         42         70         44         264         42           1054         57         4173         54         896         53         1357         55         5448         55           37         46         79         38         24         33         200         56         773         55           34         47         125         38         65         46         43         40         116         48	FRESHMAN RATE TRANSFER FRESHMAN RATE TRAN 95-96 4-CLASS 4-CLASS 95-96 4-CLASS 4- N % N % N % N % N % N 10 50 40 38 23 30 10 50 39 46 8 26 42 99 41 79 39 40 43 155 62 33 1474 41 5616 39 1420 36 103 40 399 40 82 44 30 153 40 96 42 70 44 264 42 87 1054 57 4173 54 896 53 1357 55 5448 55 1099 37 46 79 38 24 33 200 56 773 55 316 34 47 125 38 65 46 43 40 116 48 71	

	WOMEN'S BASKETBALL						WOMEN'S CC/TRACK						WOMEN'S OTHER					
	F	RESHM	IAN RAT	E	TRANS	FER	FI	RESHM	IAN RATI	E	TRANS	FER	]	FRESH	MAN RAT	E	TRANSFER	
	95	-96	4 -	CLASS	4-0	CLASS	95-	-96	4-0	CLASS	4-0	CLASS	95	-96	4-C	LASS	4-C	LASS
WOMEN	N	용	N	용	N	용	N	용	N	용	N	용	N	용	N	용	N	용
Am. Indian/AN	8	25	19	26	5	20	4	50	15	67	4	50	15	73	56	52	15	80
Asian/PI	7	100	17	88	11	45	7	43	25	64	11	91	82	68	236	72	49	59
Black	279	56	1070	51	330	51	347	59	1248	56	199	58	154	58	579	58	77	62
Hispanic	9	44	40	50	17	53	23	70	96	59	30	70	90	61	307	54	101	66
White	377	66	1407	66	292	67	482	66	2012	67	306	68	2439	69	8559	69	1379	73
N-R Alien	40	63	90	64	45	44	43	47	170	51	75	59	155	63	584	64	184	72
Other	4	50	30	47	12	58	9	33	32	47	30	57	49	55	117	56	50	56
Total	724	61	2673	59	712	57	915	62	3598	62	655	64	2984	68	10438	68	1855	71

d. Graduation Rates of Those Exhausting Eligibility (Student-Athletes # entering during 1986-87 through 1995-96)
Number exhausting eligibility = 221776 Graduation Rate = 79%

Division I Public ( N = 212)

2. UNDERGRADUATE-ENROLLMENT DATA (All full-time students enrolled Fall 2000-01)

a. All Students				b. Student-Athlete	s #		
	MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL		MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL
	N	N	N		N	N	N
Am. Indian/AN	7821	9740	17561	Am. Indian/AN	145	117	262
Asian/PI	84270	88353	172623	Asian/PI	443	399	842
Black	104274	160415	264689	Black	9785	3416	13201
Hispanic	67909	85499	153408	Hispanic	880	621	1501
N-R Alien	35639	26535	62174	N-R Alien	1840	1843	3683
White	830779	914974	1745753	White	16263	14582	30845
Other	40158	41016	81174	Other	813	499	1312
Total	1170850	1326532	2497382	Total	30169	21477	51646

<sup>#</sup> Only student-athletes receiving athletics aid are included in this report.

## c. Student-Athletes # by Sports Categories

MEN		-BASKETBALL-	BASEBALL	CC/TRACK	FOOTBALL	OTHER
Am.	Indian/AN	13	26	16	52	38
	Asian/PI	6	54	28	213	142
	Black	1562	328	1102	6411	382
	Hispanic	24	197	140	237	282
	N-R Alien	141	79	314	89	1217
	White	672	3820	1913	4794	5064
	Other	65	119	86	305	238
	Total	2483	4623	3599	12101	7363
WOMEN		-BASKETBALL-	CC/TRACK	OTHER		
Am.	Indian/AN	21	25	71		
	Asian/PI	20	36	343		
	Black	1118	1423	875		
	Hispanic	47	125	449		
	N-R Alien	158	344	1341		
	White	1218	2079	11285		
				0.5.5		
	Other	58	84	357		

<sup>#</sup> Only student-athletes receiving athletics aid are included in this report.

## Appendix C

Southwest Texas State University Graduation Rates (reported to NCAA)

FRESHMAN-COHORT GRADUAT 1995-96 Graduation Four-Class Average	Rate				Student 41 40	L용 )용		60 <sup>9</sup> 51 <sup>9</sup>	è	#								
1. Graduation-Rates Dat																		
a. All Students -		ME	EN					WOMI	EN			-		- TOT	AL			
	FRE	SHMAN	N RATE				FRE	SHMA	N RATE				FRE	ESHMAI	N RATE			
	95-	96	4-CLA	SS			95-	96	4-CL	ASS			95-	-96	4-CLA	ASS		
	N	%	N	%			N	%	N	%			N	%	N	용		
Am. Indian/AN	7	14	29	34			7	57	22	41			14	36	51	37		
Asian/PI	20	35	61	31			26	38	82	45			46	37	143	39		
Black	43	40	199	32			84	58	374	44			127	52	573	40		
Hispanic	181	33	700	29			247	36	1031	35			428	34	1731	33		
White	711	37	2768	36			1091	46	4139	45			1802	42	6907	41		
N-R Alien	3	0	****				6	50	****				9	33	35	43		
Other	0		****	***			0		****	***			0		3	0		
Total	965	36	3773	35			1461	45	5670	43			2426	41	9443	40		
b. Student-Athletes #-			MEN						WOME	N					TOTAI			
	F	RESHM	MAN RATE		TRANSI	FER	F	RESHI	MAN RATI	$\equiv$	TRANSE	ER	H	FRESHI	MAN RATE	C	TRANS	FER
	95-	96	4-CLA	SS	4-CL	ASS	95-	96	4-CL	ASS	4-CLF	SS	95-	-96	4-CLA	ASS	4-CL	ASS
	N	용	N	용		용	N	용		용	N			8	N	용	N	용
Am. Indian/AN	0		0		****		0		0		****		0		0		****	
Asian/PI	0		0		****		0		0		****		0		0		****	
Black		67	31		16	38		67		56	9	22		67	49		25	
Hispanic	3		16			50		33	10			100		33	26	46	7	
White	16	63	77			49	14	64		61	19	68		63	118		80	
N-R Alien	0		****			20	0		****		3		0		****		8	
Other	0		****			25	0		****		-	33	0		****			29
Total	22		127			46		60		58		57		60	196		129	
c. Student-Athletes #			_			-			_		BALL	-					ACK	
by Sport Category			AN RATE		'RANSFER				AN RATE		RANSFER		FF		AN RATE		RANSFER	
N. T. Y.	_	5-96	4-CLA		4-CLASS		-	5-96			4-CLASS				6 4-CLA		4-CLASS	
MEN	:	∛ N	90		% N			% N	90		% N			% N	%		% N	
Am. Indian/AN		-	-		100-a			-		-	-			-			-	
Asian/PI		-	_		100-a			_		-	-			_	-		_	
Black		_			0-a			_	-	-a -	38-c -		-		50-			
Hispanic White		_	20- 35-		100-a 53-e			- 0-а	33-		- 50-a		_	L00-a 50-a			0-a	
wnite N-R Alien		_	35-		53-е -			0-a -		-a -	50-a 100-a			50-a -	57 <b>-</b> 50-		60-a 0-a	
		_	_		_			_		_	100-a -			_	50-			
Other Total		_	32-		- 55-е			- 0-а	17-		- 44-d			- 67-а			0-a 25-c	
Total		_	32-	е	55 <b>-</b> e			∪-a	Ι/-	a-	44-a			0/-a	53-	-a	25-C	

		FOOTBALL			OTHER -				
	FRESHMA	AN RATE	TRANSFER	FRESHMA	N RATE	TRANSFER			
	95-96	4-CLASS	4-CLASS	95-96	4-CLASS	4-CLASS			
MEN	% N	% N	% N	% N	% N	% N			
Am. Indian/AN	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Asian/PI	_	-	-	-	-	-			
Black	67-a	42-e	50-a	-	_	-			
Hispanic	0-a	33-a	100-a	-	100-a	-			
White	78-b	54-e	29-b	67-a	67-b	45-c			
N-R Alien	-	_	_	_	_	_			
Other	_	0-a	_	-	_	33-a			
Total	64-c	48-e	40-b	67-a	73-c	43-c			
	WOMEN	I'S BASKE	TBALL	WOME	N'S CC/T	RACK	WO	MEN'S OTH	HER
	FRESHMAN	I RATE '	TRANSFER	FRESHMAN	RATE	TRANSFER	FRESHMA	N RATE	TRANSFER
	95-96	4-CLASS	4-CLASS	95-96	4-CLASS	4-CLASS	95-96	4-CLASS	4-CLASS
WOMEN	% N	% N	% N	% N	% N	% N	% N	% N	% N
Am. Indian/AN	_	-	-	_	_	-	_	-	-
Asian/PI	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	-
Black	0-a	43-b	33-b	100-a	50-b	0-a	100-a	100-a	0-a
Hispanic	_	100-a	-	100-a	75-a	100-a	0-a	20-a	-
White	50-a	13-b	67-a	57-b	64-c	67-b	80-a	77-e	70-b
N-R Alien	_	-	-	-	-	67 a	-	_	-
Other	-	-	-	-	-	33-a	-	-	-
Total	33-a	31-d	44-b	67-b	61-e	59-d	63-b	70-e	64-c

d. Graduation Rates of Those Exhausting Eligibility (Student-Athletes # entering during 1986-87 through 1995-96)
 Number Exhausting Eligibility = 214 Graduation Rate = 81%

Values for N ( a. 1-5, b. 6-10, c. 11-15, d. 16-20, e. greater than 20 )

<sup>#</sup> Only student-athletes receiving athletics aid are included in this report.

#### 2. UNDERGRADUATE-ENROLLMENT DATA (All full-time students enrolled Fall 2000-01)

a. All Students				<pre>b. Student-Athletes #</pre>			
	MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL		MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL
	N	N	N		N	N	N
Am. Indian/AN	47	43	90	Am. Indian/AN	2	0	2
Asian/PI	119	144	263	Asian/PI	1	2	3
Black	355	439	794	Black	48	24	72
Hispanic	1265	1510	2775	Hispanic	19	10	29
White	4892	6395	11287	White	103	68	171
N-R Alien	62	63	125	N-R Alien	8	5	13
Other	103	87	190	Other	0	0	0
Total	6843	8681	15524	Total	181	109	290

### c. Student-Athletes # by Sports Categories

MEN	-BASKETBALL-	-BASEBALL-	-CC/TRACK-	-FOOTBALL-	-OTHER-
Am. Indian/A	0 //	0	1	1	0
Asian/P	0	0	0	1	0
Blac	k 8	1	11	28	0
Hispani	0	4	9	6	0
Whit		32	13	48	7
N-R Alie	n 3	1	1	0	3
Othe	r 0	0	0	0	0
Tota	14	38	35	84	10
WOMEN	-BASKETBALL-	-CC/TRACK-	-OTHER-		
Am. Indian/A		0	0		
Asian/P		0	1		
Blac	k 6	14	4		
Hispani	0	5	5		
Whit	e 7	11	50		
N-R Alie	n 1	1	3		
Othe	r 0	0	0		
Tota	1 15	31	63		

#### 3. STANDARDS FOR TRANSFER STUDENT-ATHLETES #

This institution's standards exceed the NCAA minimums.

# Only student-athletes receiving athletics aid are included in this report.

NOTE: " \*\*\*\*\* OR "\*\*\* indicates data are suppressed for privacy purposes.

## Appendix D

Texas A&M University, College Station Graduation Rates (as reported to NCAA)

FRESHMAN-COHORT GRADUAT 1995-96 Graduation Four-Class Average	Rate	All	. Students 74% 71%	Student-Ath 64% 58%	i				
1. Graduation-Rates Dat	a								
a. All Students -	MI FRESHMAI 95-96			WOME FRESHMAN 95-96			TOTA FRESHMAN 95-96		
Am. Indian/AN Asian/PI Black Hispanic White N-R Alien Other Total	N % 8 88 87 72 121 63 468 56 2294 73 21 81 0 2999 70	N % 39 59 523 65 445 50 1702 54 9587 71 144 63 0 12440 67		N % 16 50 80 75 160 68 415 68 2308 81 7 86 0 2986 78	N % 43 56 349 72 610 62 1465 67 9321 78 61 64 0 11849 76		N % 24 63 167 74 281 66 883 61 4602 77 28 82 0 5985 74	N % 82 57 872 68 1055 57 3167 60 18908 74 205 63 0 24289 71	
b. Student-Athletes #-	FRESHI 95-96	MEN MAN RATE 4-CLASS	TRANSFER 4-CLASS	FRESHM 95-96	- WOMEN IAN RATE 4-CLASS	TRANSFER 4-CLASS	FRESHM 95-96	TOTAL MAN RATE 4-CLASS	TRANSFER 4-CLASS
Am. Indian/AN Asian/PI Black Hispanic White N-R Alien Other	N % ***** ***  14 43 **** ***  29 66 **** ***	N % ***** ***  57 35 6 33 101 52 5 60 0	N % 0 0 16 44 ***** *** 32 66 ***** 0	N % **** ***  6 67  **** ***  21 76  **** ***	N % ***** *** ***** *** 17 65 3 67 93 75 9 67	N % 0 0 3 100 **** *** 16 75 **** 0	N % ***** *** 20 50 ***** *** 50 70 ***** 0	N % 3 33 6 100 74 42 9 44 194 63 14 64 0	0 19 53 **** *** 48 69
Total  c. Student-Athletes # by Sport Category  MEN Am. Indian/AN Asian/PI Black Hispanic White N-R Alien Other Total	45 60 FRESHM 95-96 % N 50-b	AN RATE I	51 61  PRANSFER 4-CLASS N 100-a 64-e - 65-e	30 70 ME FRESHMA 95-96 % N - 100-a - 0-a - 33-a		19 79  ALL RANSFER 4-CLASS % N 57-b - 33-a - 50-b	75 64 M FRESHMA 95-96 % N - 0-a - 100-a - 75-a		

	I	FOOTBALL			- OTHER -				
	FRESHMAN	N RATE	TRANSFER	FRESHM	AN RATE	TRANSFER			
	95-96	4-CLASS	4-CLASS	95-96	4-CLASS	4-CLASS			
MEN	% N	% N	% N	% N	% N	% N			
Am. Indian/AN	_	_	_	100-a	100-a	_			
Asian/PI	100-a	100-a	_	_	_	_			
Black	42-c	29-e	38-b	_	_	-			
Hispanic	-	0-a	-	-	50-a	-			
White	78-b	50-e	50-a	71-b	55-d	100-a			
N-R Alien	-	_	-	_	67-a	100-a			
Other	-	-	-	-	_	-			
Total	59-e	38-e	40-b	75-b	57 <b>-</b> e	100-b			
	WOMEN	'S BASKE	TBALL	WOM	EN'S CC/T	'RACK	V	OMEN'S OT	HER
	WOMEN FRESHMAN		TBALL TRANSFER	WOMI FRESHMAI		RACK TRANSFER		OMEN'S OT IAN RATE	HER TRANSFER
	FRESHMAN								TRANSFER
WOMEN	FRESHMAN	RATE '	TRANSFER	FRESHMAI	N RATE	TRANSFER	FRESHM	IAN RATE 4-CLASS	TRANSFER
WOMEN Am. Indian/AN	FRESHMAN 95-96	RATE '	FRANSFER 4-CLASS	FRESHMAI 95-96	N RATE 4-CLASS	TRANSFER 4-CLASS	FRESHM 95-96	IAN RATE 4-CLASS	TRANSFER 4-CLASS
	FRESHMAN 95-96	RATE '	FRANSFER 4-CLASS	FRESHMAI 95-96	N RATE 4-CLASS	TRANSFER 4-CLASS	FRESHM 95-96	IAN RATE 4-CLASS 8 N	TRANSFER 4-CLASS
Am. Indian/AN	FRESHMAN 95-96 % N -	RATE : 4-CLASS % N -	IRANSFER 4-CLASS % N -	FRESHMAI 95-96 % N -	N RATE 4-CLASS % N -	TRANSFER 4-CLASS % N -	FRESHM 95-96	IAN RATE 4-CLASS 8 N 0-a	TRANSFER 4-CLASS
Am. Indian/AN Asian/PI	FRESHMAN 95-96	RATE ' 4-CLASS % N - -	IRANSFER 4-CLASS % N - -	FRESHMAI 95-96 % N - -	N RATE 4-CLASS % N - 100-a	TRANSFER 4-CLASS % N	FRESHM 95-96	AN RATE 4-CLASS % N 0-a 100-a 100-a	TRANSFER 4-CLASS
Am. Indian/AN Asian/PI Black	FRESHMAN 95-96	RATE '.4-CLASS '% N 67-b	FRANSFER 4-CLASS % N 100-a	FRESHMAI 95-96 % N - - 67-a	N RATE 4-CLASS % N - 100-a 60-b	TRANSFER 4-CLASS % N - 100-a	FRESHM 95-96 % N - -	AN RATE 4-CLASS 8 N 0-a 100-a 100-a 67-a	TRANSFER 4-CLASS % N
Am. Indian/AN Asian/PI Black Hispanic	FRESHMAN 95-96	RATE '.4-CLASS	FRANSFER 4-CLASS % N 100-a -	FRESHMAI 95-96 % N - - 67-a -	N RATE 4-CLASS % N - 100-a 60-b	TRANSFER 4-CLASS % N - 100-a -	FRESHM 95-96 % N - - - 0-8	AN RATE 4-CLASS 8 N 0-a 100-a 100-a 67-a 72-e	TRANSFER 4-CLASS % N
Am. Indian/AN Asian/PI Black Hispanic White	FRESHMAN 95-96	RATE '.4-CLASS	FRANSFER 4-CLASS % N 100-a -	FRESHMAI 95-96 % N - - 67-a -	N RATE 4-CLASS % N - 100-a 60-b	TRANSFER 4-CLASS % N - 100-a -	FRESHM 95-96 % M - - 0-a 71-c	AN RATE 4-CLASS 8 N 0-a 100-a 100-a 67-a 72-e	TRANSFER 4-CLASS % N

d. Graduation Rates of Those Exhausting Eligibility (Student-Athletes # entering during 1986-87 through 1995-96)
 Number Exhausting Eligibility = 357 Graduation Rate = 82%

Values for N ( a. 1-5, b. 6-10, c. 11-15, d. 16-20, e. greater than 20 )

<sup>#</sup> Only student-athletes receiving athletics aid are included in this report.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

#### 2. UNDERGRADUATE-ENROLLMENT DATA (All full-time students enrolled Fall 2000-01)

a. All Students				b. Student-Athletes #			
	MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL		MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL
	N	N	N		N	N	N
Am. Indian,	/AN 84	72	156	Am. Indian/AN	1	2	3
Asian	/PI 608	492	1100	Asian/PI	1	4	5
Bla	ack 351	486	837	Black	67	19	86
Hispan	nic 1574	1479	3053	Hispanic	6	6	12
Wh:	ite 13966	13348	27314	White	127	130	257
N-R Al:	ien 306	140	446	N-R Alien	12	11	23
Ot1	ner 291	277	568	Other	4	5	9
Tot	tal 17180	16294	33474	Total	218	177	395

### c. Student-Athletes # by Sports Categories

MEN		-BASKETBALL-	-BASEBALL-	-CC/TRACK-	-FOOTBALL-	-OTHER-
Am.	Indian/AN	0	1	0	0	0
	Asian/PI	0	1	0	0	0
	Black	9	0	7	48	3
	Hispanic	0	1	1	3	1
	White	4	39	19	32	33
	N-R Alien	1	0	6	0	5
	Other	1	0	0	3	0
	Total	15	42	33	86	42
WOMEN		-BASKETBALL-	-CC/TRACK-	-OTHER-		
Am.	Indian/AN	0	0	2		
	Asian/PI	0	2	2		
	Black	10	6	3		
	Hispanic	0	1	5		
	White	8	19	103		
	N-R Alien	0	1	10		
	Other	0	0	5		
	Total	18	29	130		

#### 3. STANDARDS FOR TRANSFER STUDENT-ATHLETES #

This institution's standards exceed the NCAA minimums.

# Only student-athletes receiving athletics aid are included in this report.

NOTE: " \*\*\*\*\* OR "\*\*\* indicates data are suppressed for privacy purposes.

## Appendix E

The University of Texas at Austin Graduation Rates (as reported to NCAA)

FRESHMAN-COHORT GRADUA: 1995-96 Graduation Four-Class Average	n Rate e	All	70% 68%	Student	56% 56%	5								
1. Graduation-Rates Dat														
a. All Students	l	MEN	-		WOME	EN		-		- TOT2	AL			
	FRESHM	AN RATE		FRES:	HMAN	I RATE			FRE	SHMAI	N RATE			
	95-96	4-CLASS		95-9		4-CLA	SS		95-	-96	4-CLA	SS		
	N %	N %		N	용	N	ે		N	용	N	ે		
Am. Indian/AN	6 50	33 36		21	76	52	69		27	70	85	56		
Asian/PI	436 67	1693 67		450	82	1538	77		886	74	3231	72		
Black	123 46	523 42		181	66	691	64		304	58	1214	55		
Hispanic	456 56	1844 53		445	67	1722	64		901	61	3566	58		
White	1988 68	7778 65		2013	76	7481	75		4001	72	15259	70		
N-R Alien	64 78	235 80		29	79	86	80		93	78	321	80		
Other	0	0		0		0			0		0			
Total	3073 65	12106 62		3139	75	11570	73		6212	70	23676	68		
b. Student-Athletes #-		MEN				WOMEN	r				TOTAL			
	FRESI	HMAN RATE	TRANSFER	FR	ESHM	MAN RATE		TRANSFER	E	RESHI	MAN RATE		TRANSE	ER
	95-96	4-CLASS	4-CLASS	95-9	6	4-CLA	SS	4-CLASS	95-	-96	4-CLA	SS	4-CLA	ASS
	N %	N %	N %	N	응	N	ે	N %	N	용	N	용	N	용
Am. Indian/AN	0	****	0	0		****	***	0	0		****	* * *	0	
Asian/PI	0	****	0	3		****	***	0		33	6	50	0	
Black	14 43	55 42	12 42	8	88	26	77	3 67	22	59	81	53	15	47
Hispanic	3 0	**** ***	****	0		****	***	**** ***	3	0	9	44	4	50
White	30 57	144 51	41 37	20	65		71	21 86	50	60	226	58	62	53
N-R Alien	****	4 50	9 56		**	-	60	7 71	****	***	9	56	16	63
Other	****	0	****	****	* *	0		****	0		0		0	
Total	48 48	212 48	64 39	31	68	120	71	33 82		56	332			54
c. Student-Athletes #		BASEBALL -						ALL				/TRA	ACK	-
by Sport Category			RANSFER			AN RATE		RANSFER	FF		AN RATE		TRANSFER	
	95-96		4-CLASS		-96	4-CLA		4-CLASS		95-9			4-CLASS	
MEN	% I		% N	%	N	용		% N		% N			% N	
Am. Indian/AN	_	_	_		-	-		_		-	_		_	
Asian/PI	_	_	_		-	-		_		-	_		_	
Black	_	-	0-a		0-a	29-		25-a	1	.00-a			67-a	
Hispanic	0 – a		0-a		-	-		_		0-a			_	
White	0 – a		20-e		-	100-	а	100-a		63-b		-	67-b	
N-R Alien	_		-		-	-		0-a		0-a			60-a	
Other	-		_		-	-		-		-			-	
Total	0-1	э 31 <b>-</b> е	18-e		0-a	38-	b	29-b		55-c	44-	е	64-c	

		FOOTBALL			OTHER -				
	FRESHMA	N RATE	TRANSFER	FRESHMA	N RATE	TRANSFER			
	95-96	4-CLASS	4-CLASS	95-96	4-CLASS	4-CLASS			
MEN	% N	% N	% N	% N	% N	% N			
Am. Indian/AN	_	_	_	_	0-a	_			
Asian/PI	_	-	-	_	100-a	-			
Black	50-b	43-e	50-a	_	_	-			
Hispanic	_	-	-	_	_	-			
White	50-b	59-e	100-a	75-c	63-e	43-b			
N-R Alien	_	-	-	_	67-a	100-a			
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Total	50-d	50-e	67-b	75-c	63-е	56-b			
	WOMEN	'S BASKE	TBALL	WOME	N'S CC/T	RACK	WC	MEN'S OTE	IER
	WOMEN FRESHMAN		TBALL TRANSFER	WOME FRESHMAN		RACK TRANSFER	WC FRESHMA		HER TRANSFER
	FRESHMAN			FRESHMAN					
WOMEN	FRESHMAN	RATE :	TRANSFER	FRESHMAN	RATE	TRANSFER	FRESHMA	N RATE	TRANSFER
WOMEN Am. Indian/AN	FRESHMAN 95-96	RATE 7	FRANSFER 4-CLASS	FRESHMAN 95-96	RATE 4-CLASS	TRANSFER 4-CLASS	FRESHMA 95-96	N RATE 4-CLASS	TRANSFER 4-CLASS
	FRESHMAN 95-96	RATE 7	FRANSFER 4-CLASS	FRESHMAN 95-96	RATE 4-CLASS	TRANSFER 4-CLASS	FRESHMA 95-96	N RATE 4-CLASS	TRANSFER 4-CLASS
Am. Indian/AN	FRESHMAN 95-96	RATE 7 4-CLASS % N -	FRANSFER 4-CLASS	FRESHMAN 95-96	RATE 4-CLASS	TRANSFER 4-CLASS % N -	FRESHM# 95-96 % N -	N RATE 4-CLASS % N	TRANSFER 4-CLASS % N -
Am. Indian/AN Asian/PI	FRESHMAN 95-96 % N - -	RATE 5 4-CLASS % N - -	FRANSFER 4-CLASS	FRESHMAN 95-96 % N - -	RATE 4-CLASS % N - -	TRANSFER 4-CLASS % N - -	FRESHM <i>F</i> 95-96 % N - 33-a	N RATE 4-CLASS % N - 40-a	TRANSFER 4-CLASS % N -
Am. Indian/AN Asian/PI Black Hispanic White	FRESHMAN 95-96 % N - - 100-a	RATE 5 4-CLASS % N 100-b	FRANSFER 4-CLASS % N - - -	FRESHMAN 95-96 % N - - 100-a	RATE 4-CLASS % N - - 64-c - 57-b	TRANSFER 4-CLASS % N 50-a - 100-a	FRESHM# 95-96 % N - 33-a 50-a	N RATE 4-CLASS % N - 40-a 75-b 100-a 72-e	TRANSFER 4-CLASS % N - 100-a 100-a 88-d
Am. Indian/AN Asian/PI Black Hispanic	FRESHMAN 95-96 % N - - 100-a	RATE 5 4-CLASS 8 N -  100-b -	FRANSFER 4-CLASS % N	FRESHMAN 95-96 % N - - 100-a	RATE 4-CLASS % N - - 64-c	TRANSFER 4-CLASS % N 50-a -	FRESHMF 95-96 % N - 33-a 50-a	N RATE 4-CLASS % N - 40-a 75-b 100-a	TRANSFER 4-CLASS % N - 100-a 100-a
Am. Indian/AN Asian/PI Black Hispanic White	FRESHMAN 95-96 % N - - 100-a	RATE 7 4-CLASS 8 N - - 100-b - 70-b	FRANSFER 4-CLASS % N 0-a	FRESHMAN 95-96 % N - - 100-a	RATE 4-CLASS % N - - 64-c - 57-b	TRANSFER 4-CLASS % N 50-a - 100-a	FRESHMF 95-96 % N - 33-a 50-a	N RATE 4-CLASS % N - 40-a 75-b 100-a 72-e	TRANSFER 4-CLASS % N - 100-a 100-a 88-d

d. Graduation Rates of Those Exhausting Eligibility (Student-Athletes # entering during 1986-87 through 1995-96)
 Number Exhausting Eligibility = 390 Graduation Rate = 86%

Values for N ( a. 1-5, b. 6-10, c. 11-15, d. 16-20, e. greater than 20 )

<sup>#</sup> Only student-athletes receiving athletics aid are included in this report.

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#### 2. UNDERGRADUATE-ENROLLMENT DATA (All full-time students enrolled Fall 2000-01)

a. All Sti	udents				<pre>b. Student-Athletes #</pre>			
		MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL		MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL
		N	N	N		N	N	N
Am.	Indian/AN	66	84	150	Am. Indian/AN	2	2	4
	Asian/PI	2517	2521	5038	Asian/PI	2	4	6
	Black	498	662	1160	Black	87	21	108
	Hispanic	2159	2333	4492	Hispanic	7	7	14
	White	10305	11067	21372	White	147	129	276
	N-R Alien	788	409	1197	N-R Alien	10	17	27
	Other	49	57	106	Other	0	0	0
	Total	16382	17133	33515	Total	255	180	435

### c. Student-Athletes # by Sports Categories

MEN		-BASKETBALL-	-BASEBALL-	-CC/TRACK-	-FOOTBALL-	-OTHER-
Am.	Indian/AN	0	1	0	0	1
	Asian/PI	0	1	0	0	1
	Black	11	2	18	55	1
	Hispanic	0	5	1	1	0
	White	4	35	27	31	50
	N-R Alien	0	1	2	0	7
	Other	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	15	45	48	87	60
WOMEN		-BASKETBALL-	-CC/TRACK-	-OTHER-		
Am.	Indian/AN	0	0	2		
	Asian/PI	0	1	3		
	Black	8	11	2		
	Hispanic	0	2	5		
	White	7	8	114		
	N-R Alien	0	2	15		
	Other	0	0	0		
	Total	15	24	141		

#### 3. STANDARDS FOR TRANSFER STUDENT-ATHLETES #

This institution's standards are the same as the NCAA minimums.

# Only student-athletes receiving athletics aid are included in this report.

NOTE: " \*\*\*\*\* OR "\*\*\*" indicates data are suppressed for privacy purposes.

## Appendix F

The University of Texas at San Antonio Graduation Rates, as reported to NCAA

Four-Class Average			Students 27% 25%	Student-Ath 41% 41%						
1. Graduation-Rates Dat										
a. All Students -	МЕ	EN	-	WOME	N		ТОТ	AL		
	FRESHMAN	I RATE		FRESHMAN	RATE		FRESHMAI	N RATE		
	95-96	4-CLASS		95-96	4-CLASS		95-96	4-CLASS		
	N %	N %		N %	N %		N %	N %		
Am. Indian/AN	****	11 27		****	10 40		****	21 33		
Asian/PI	34 29	119 32		43 33	140 28		77 31	259 30		
Black	20 10	84 18		40 38	132 27		60 28	216 23		
Hispanic	285 22	1077 22		342 28	1307 27		627 26	2384 24		
White	360 25	1476 22		390 28	1581 28		750 27	3057 25		
N-R Alien	6 33	33 36		6 33	22 32		12 33	55 35		
Other	****	0		**** ***	0		0	0		
Total	707 24	2800 22		821 29	3192 27		1528 27	5992 25		
b. Student-Athletes #-		MEN			- WOMEN			TOTAL		
	FRESHM	MAN RATE	TRANSFER	FRESHM	IAN RATE	TRANSFER	FRESHI	MAN RATE	TRANSFE	ίR
	95-96	4-CLASS	4-CLASS	95-96	4-CLASS	4-CLASS	95-96	4-CLASS	4-CLASS	S
	N %	N %	N %	N %	N %	N %	N %	N %	N S	용
Am. Indian/AN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Asian/PI	0	****	0	0	****	0	0	****	0	
Black	****	12 42	15 27	****	19 32	6 33	5 20	31 35	21 2	29
Hispanic	****	12 17	****	****	11 45	****	5 40	23 30	5 (	60
White	13 62	46 50	13 38	18 28	50 40	11 45	31 42	96 45	24	42
N-R Alien	****	9 56	5 40	****	4 50	0	5 60	13 54	5 4	40
Other	0	****	****	0	****	****	0	0	3 (	67
Total	22 50	80 44	37 38	24 33	84 39	21 43	46 41	164 41		40
<pre>c. Student-Athletes #</pre>		- BASEBALL -		ME	N'S BASKETB	ALL	I	MEN'S CC/TR	ACK	
by Sport Category	FRESHMA		RANSFER	FRESHMA		RANSFER			TRANSFER	
	95-96		4-CLASS	95-96		4-CLASS	95-9		4-CLASS	
MEN	% N	% N	% N	% N	% N	% N	% N	% N	% N	
Am. Indian/AN	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	
Asian/PI	_	0-a	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	
Black	_	_	-	0-a	33-b	13-b	0-a	50-b	50-a	
Hispanic	100-a	100-a	100-a	_	_	_	0-a	10-b	50-a	
White	57-b	60-d	60-a	100-a	67-a	0-a	33-a	29-c	0-a	
N-R Alien	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33-a	
Other	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total	63-b	59-e	67-b	50-a	44-b	11-b	14-b	27 <b>-</b> e	38-b	

----- FOOTBALL ------ OTHER -----

	FRESHMAN RA	TE TRANSFER	FRESHM	AN RATE	TRANSFER			
	95-96 4-C	LASS 4-CLASS	95-96	4-CLASS	4-CLASS			
MEN	% N %	N % N	% N	% N	% N			
Am. Indian/AN	_		_	_	_			
Asian/PI	_		_	_	_			
Black	_	- 40-a	_	_	_			
Hispanic	_		_	0-a	-			
White	_	- 0-a	100-a	56-b	40-a			
N-R Alien	_		67-a	56-b	50-a			
Other	_		_	_	100-a			
Total	-	- 33-b	80-a	53-d	50-b			
	WOMEN'S B	ASKETBALL	WOM	EN'S CC/I	'RACK	WO	MEN'S OTH	HER
	FRESHMAN RAT	E TRANSFER	FRESHMAI	N RATE	TRANSFER	FRESHMA	N RATE	TRANSFER
	95-96 4-CL	ASS 4-CLASS	95-96	4-CLASS	4-CLASS	95-96	4-CLASS	4-CLASS
WOMEN	% N %	N % N	% N	% N	% N	% N	% N	% N
Am. Indian/AN	_		_	_	_	_	_	_
Asian/PI	_		_	_	-	_	_	_
Black	0-a 0	-a 0-a	100-a	55-c	100-a	0-a	0-a	33-a
Hispanic	_		_	14-b	100-a	100-a	100-a	0-a
White	0-a 14	-b 38-b	33-b	40-c	-	30-b	46-e	67-a
N-R Alien	_		-	_		50-a	50-a	-
Other				_	100 -	_	_	0-a
	_		=	_	100-a	<del>-</del>	_	0-a

d. Graduation Rates of Those Exhausting Eligibility (Student-Athletes # entering during 1986-87 through 1995-96)
 Number Exhausting Eligibility = 116 Graduation Rate = 91%

Values for N (a. 1-5, b. 6-10, c. 11-15, d. 16-20, e. greater than 20)

<sup>#</sup> Only student-athletes receiving athletics aid are included in this report.

#### 2. UNDERGRADUATE-ENROLLMENT DATA (All full-time students enrolled Fall 2000-01)

a. All Students				b. Student-Athletes #			
	MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL		MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL
	N	N	N		N	N	N
Am. Indian/AN	27	29	56	Am. Indian/AN	0	0	0
Asian/PI	201	205	406	Asian/PI	0	0	0
Black	253	348	601	Black	15	20	35
Hispanic	2261	2931	5192	Hispanic	23	14	37
White	2131	2403	4534	White	39	45	84
N-R Alien	148	79	227	N-R Alien	5	7	12
Other	0	0	0	Other	0	0	0
Total	5021	5995	11016	Total	82	86	168

## c. Student-Athletes # by Sports Categories

MEN	-BASKETBALL-	-BASEBALL-	-CC/TRACK-	-FOOTBALL-	-OTHER-
Am. Indian/AN	0	0	0	0	0
Asian/PI	0	0	0	0	0
Black	10	0	5	0	0
Hispanic	2	6	11	0	4
White	3	23	7	0	6
N-R Alien	0	0	0	0	5
Other	0	0	0	0	0
Total	15	29	23	0	15
WOMEN	-BASKETBALL-	-CC/TRACK-	-OTHER-		
Am. Indian/AN	0	0	0		
Asian/PI	0	0	0		
Black	5	15	0		
Hispanic	2	6	6		
White	6	8	31		
N-R Alien	1	0	6		
Other	0	0	0		
Total	14	29	43		

### 3. STANDARDS FOR TRANSFER STUDENT-ATHLETES #

This institution's standards are the same as the NCAA minimums.

# Only student-athletes receiving athletics aid are included in this report.

NOTE: " \*\*\*\*\*" OR "\*\*\*" indicates data are suppressed for privacy purposes.

## Appendix G

# U.S. News and World Report's Honor Roll March 18, 2002

In the tradition of the *Best Colleges* and *Best Graduate Schools*, *U.S. News and World Report* reviewed and compiled information on the best athletic programs in the nation's Division I colleges and universities.

The magazine evaluated colleges and universities in the following categories: *sanctions* (how many "major infractions" a school was assessed from February 1992 through March 2002), *gender equity* (school's progress in providing athletic opportunities for women), *win/loss* (overall winning percentage calculated for men's and women's school-to-school contests and NCAA tournaments), *number of sports offered* (number of men's and women's intercollegiate varsity sports in which the school participated), and *graduation rate* (student-athlete graduation rate over a six-year period and a comparison rate for the class entering in 1994 with the overall student body).

The list below recognizes 20 higher education institutions with the best overall rankings across four categories of achievement. Schools are listed alphabetically. Unfortunately, no Texas school made the list.

## U.S. News and World Report, March 18, 2002 Honor Roll

- 1. Boston College, Boston
- 2. Brown University, Providence, R.I.
- 3. Cornell University, Ithaca, N.Y.
- 4. Dartmouth College, Hanover, N.H.
- 5. Duke University, Durham, N.C.
- 6. Georgetown University, Washington, D.C.
- 7. Harvard University, Cambridge, Mass.
- 8. Lehigh University, Bethlehem, Pa.
- 9. Pennsylvania State University University Park
- 10. Princeton University, Princeton, N.J.
- 11. Stanford University, Stanford, Calif.
- 12. University of Connecticut, Storrs,
- 13. University of Hawaii, Manoa
- 14. University of Illinois Urbana-Champaign
- 15. University of Maryland College Park
- 16. University of Massachusetts Amherst
- 17. University of Michigan Ann Arbor
- 18. University of New Hampshire, Durham
- 19. University of Utah, Salt Lake City
- 20. Villanova University, Villanova, Pa.

## Appendix H

## **Big 12 and Southland Conference Institutions**

Bia 12	Conference	
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Baylor University Waco, Texas

Colorado University Boulder, Colorado

Iowa State University

Ames, Iowa

University of Kansas Lawrence, Kansas

Kansas State University Manhattan, Kansas

University of Missouri Columbia, Missouri

University of Nebraska Omaha, Nebraska

Oklahoma University Norman, Oklahoma

Oklahoma State University Stillwater, Oklahoma

Texas A&M University College Station, Texas

Texas Tech University Lubbock, Texas

The University of Texas at Austin Austin, Texas

## **Southland Conference**

Lamar University Beaumont, Texas

Louisiana-Monroe Monroe, Louisiana

McNeese State

Lake Charles, Louisiana

Nicholls State

Thibodaux, Louisiana

Northwestern State Natchitoches, Louisiana

Sam Houston State Huntsville, Texas

Southeastern Louisiana Hammond, Louisiana

Southwest Texas State University

San Marcos, Texas

Stephen F. Austin Nacogdoches, Texas

The University of Texas at Arlington

Arlington, Texas

The University of Texas at San Antonio

San Antonio, Texas

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